







CHENGDU - MAOXIAN - JIUZHAIGOU 🗐 (B/L/D)

- Songpan Ancient Town City Wall (Outlook)

DAY 3 JIUZHAIGOU (B/L/D)

- Jiuzhaigou Scenic Area
 Shuanglonghai Waterfall (New scenic spot)
 Shuzhenggou (Nuorilang Waterfall, Shuzheng Qunhai)
 Rize Ditch (Mirror Lake, Pearl Shoal Waterfall, Five Flower Lake)
 Zechawagou (Changhai Lake, Wucai Pool)

JIUZHAIGOU - HUANGLONG -DUJIANGYAN

- Huanglong Scenic Area (Excludes return cable car)
- Guan County Ancient City



- Selfie Panda Statue
- Dujiangyan Giant Panda Base



- Jinli Ancient Town
- Eastern Suburb Memory
- Chunxi Road Pedestrian Street
- Wide And Narrow Alley



TOURIST ATTRACTIONS:

DIEXI

Die Xi Lake - is a lake in Diexi, Mao County, Sichuan, China. Diexi Lake is a landslide dam-created lake formed in the 1933 Diexi earthquake and covers 3.5 square kilometers. The old town of Diexi sank into this lake. The remnants of the town's watch towers, a temple, stone lions and cliff murals are still visible today. Jinli Ancient Street.

HUANGLONG

Huanglong Scenic Area - this area is known for its colorful travertine pools formed by calcite deposits, especially in Huanglonggou (Yellow Dragon Gully), as well as diverse forest ecosystems, snow-capped peaks, waterfalls and hot springs. Huanglong was declared a World Heritage Site by UNESCO in 1992 because of its outstanding travertine formations, waterfalls and limestone formations as well as its travertine terraces and lakes rating among the three most outstanding examples in the world.

JIUZHAIGOU

• Jiuzhaigou Scenic Area - Jiuzhaigou National Park is a network of valleys in China's Sichuan province. In the northern Shuzheng Valley, Nuorilang Waterfall cascades from the edge of a large tree-fringed lake. The Zharu Monastery is a place of worship from the park's Tibetan villages. In the south, Rize Valley's mountains are covered with a striking multi-placed the participation of the participati trees are scattered on the bottom of the striking, multicolored Five Flower Lake.

DUJIANGYAN

- Guanxian Ancient Town attracts visitors from all over the world with its rich cultural heritage, the main scenic spots are South Bridge, West Street, Confucian Temple, Water Conservancy Mansion , Yangliu River etc. **Dujiangyan Giant Panda Base** - also known as Panda Paradise, it is near to the Giant Panda Habitat World Heritage

CHENGDU

- Jinli Ancient Street the First Street of Shu Kingdom, and it's a famous snack street in Chengdu.
 Wide and Narrow Alley also known as "Kuanzhaixiangzi Alley", consists of three historic paralleled alleys from Qing dynasty. Ancient style buildings, local Chengdu lifestyle, delicious Sichuan snacks, exquisite Sichuan handicrafts, etc. make it one of the most attractive places to visit in Chengdu.



精简行程

启程 - 成都

(机上用餐)

成都 - 茂县 - 九寨沟

(早/午/晚)

- 叠溪海子 松潘古城(外观)

九寨沟

(早/午/晚)

- 九寨沟风景区(含公共环保车)

 - 双龙海瀑布(新景观) 树正沟(诺日朗瀑布、树正群海) 日则沟(镜海、珍珠滩瀑布、五花海) 则查洼沟(长海、五彩池)

九寨沟 - 黄龙 - 都江堰 第四天



- 黄龙风景区(不含上下行缆车)
- 灌县古城

都江堰 - 成都



- 南桥长廊 熊猫自拍雕塑(新晋网红打卡地) 中华大熊猫苑

成都 - 回程



(早/午/晚/机上用餐)

- 锦里古街 东郊记忆 春熙路时尚步行街
- 宽窄巷子

第七天 抵达

观光景点:

叠溪

叠溪海子 - 叠溪海子湖面海拔2258米,原为叠溪城,为古代边防重镇。这是 1933年中国叠溪7.5级大地震遗迹, 同时也是"保存最完整、最典型和最大的 地震遗迹"。

黄龙

黄龙风景区 - 位于四川省阿坝藏族羌族自治州松潘县境内,主景区黄龙沟位 于岷山主峰雪宝顶下,以彩池、雪山、峡谷、森林"四绝"著称于世,是中 国唯一的保护完好的高原湿地,1992年被联合国教科文组织列为世界自然遗 产。

九寨沟

九寨沟风景区 - 位于四川省阿坝藏族羌族自治州九寨沟县境内,地处青藏高原、川西高原、山地向四川盆地过渡地带,南距成都市300多公里,是一条纵深 50余千米的山沟谷地,总面积64297公顷,森林覆盖率超过80%。因沟内有树 正寨、荷叶寨、则查洼寨等九个藏族村寨坐落在这片高山湖泊群中而 得名。

都江堰

- **灌县古城**-被誉为"山水入怀、生活道场"的灌县古城,以厚重的文化积淀、特有的风土人情和浪漫的生活情调吸引四面八方的来客。中华大熊猫苑-(又名"熊猫乐园"、"中国大熊猫保护研究中心都江堰基地")紧邻大熊猫栖息地世界遗产区域,整个基地参照国家绿色三星标准设计,建筑与自然环境巧妙融合,为大熊猫创造了一个良好的生活环境。

成都

- **锦里古街** 现为成都市著名步行商业街,为清末民初建筑风格的仿古建筑,以 三国文化和四川传统民俗文化为主要内容。这里有各式各样的当地美食,手工 艺品,您也可以在这里找到纪念品送于亲友。 **宽窄巷子** 由宽巷子、窄巷子、井巷子平行排列组成,全为青黛砖瓦的仿古四 合院落,这里也是成都遗留下来的较成规模的清朝古街道,与大慈寺、文殊院 一起并称为成都三大历史文化名城保护街区。现如今也是游客喜爱的步行街。

